

FTAI AVIATION LTD.

CHARTER OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

November 10, 2022

I. PURPOSE OF THE COMMITTEE

The purpose of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of FTAI Aviation Ltd. (the “Company”) is to provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its legal and fiduciary obligations with respect to matters involving the accounting, auditing, financial reporting, internal control and legal compliance functions of the Company and its subsidiaries, including, without limitation, (a) assisting the Board’s oversight of (i) the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company, (ii) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, (iii) audits of the financial statements of the Company, as well as the Company’s independent auditors’ qualifications and independence, and (iv) the performance of the Company’s independent auditors and the Company’s internal auditors, (b) preparing the report required to be prepared by the Committee pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for inclusion in the Company’s annual proxy statement and (c) any such further functions as may be consistent with this Charter or assigned by applicable law, the Company’s Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association or the Board.

II. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee shall be comprised of three or more directors as determined from time to time by resolution of the Board. Each member of the Committee shall be qualified to serve on the Committee pursuant to the requirements of the Nasdaq Stock Market and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “Act”) and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC pursuant to the Act. Director’s fees (including any additional amounts paid to chairs of committees and to members of committees of the Board) are the only compensation a member of the Committee may receive from the Company.

No director may serve as a member of the Committee if such director serves on the audit committee of more than two other public companies, unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such director to effectively serve on the Committee.

The chairperson of the Committee shall be designated by the Board; *provided* that, if the Board does not so designate a chairperson, the members of the Committee, by a majority vote, may designate a chairperson. Each member of the Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including the Company’s balance sheet, income statement and statement of cash flows, as the Board interprets such qualification in its business judgment. In addition, at least one member of the Committee must be an “audit committee financial expert,” as such term is defined in the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC pursuant to the Act.

Any vacancy on the Committee shall be filled by majority vote of the Board at the next meeting of the Board following the occurrence of the vacancy. No member of the Committee shall be removed except by majority vote of the Board.

III. MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee shall meet once every fiscal quarter or more frequently as it shall determine is necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities. The Committee, in its discretion, may ask members of management or others to attend its meetings (or portions thereof) and to provide pertinent information as requested by the Committee. The Committee should meet separately on a periodic basis with (i) management, (ii) the Company's internal auditors and (iii) the Company's independent auditors, in each case to discuss any matters that the Committee or any of the above persons or firms believe should be discussed privately.

A majority of the members of the Committee present in person or by means of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other shall constitute a quorum.

The Committee may form subcommittees for any purpose that the Committee deems appropriate and may delegate to such subcommittees such power and authority as the Committee deems appropriate; *provided, however*, that no subcommittee shall consist of fewer than two members; and *provided further* that the Committee shall not delegate to a subcommittee any power or authority required by any law, regulation or listing standard to be exercised by the Committee as a whole.

Following each of its meetings, the Committee shall deliver a report, which may be oral, on the meeting to the Board, including a description of all actions taken by the Committee at the meeting. The Committee shall keep written minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be maintained with the books and records of the Company.

IV. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the Committee's policies and procedures should remain flexible, so that it may be in a position to best react or respond to changing circumstances or conditions. The following are within the authority of the Committee:

- A. Be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, and each such registered public accounting firm must report directly to the Committee (the registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K is referred to herein as the "independent auditors");
- B. Review and, in its sole discretion, approve in advance the Company's independent auditors' annual engagement letter, including the proposed fees contained therein, as well as all audit and, as provided in the Act and the rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC thereunder, all permitted non-audit engagements and

relationships between the Company and such auditors (which approval should be made after receiving input from the Company's management). Approval of audit and permitted non-audit services may also be made by one or more members of the Committee as shall be designated by the Committee or the chairperson of the Committee and the person(s) granting such approval shall report such approval to the Committee at the next scheduled meeting;

- C. Review the performance of the Company's independent auditors, including the lead partner of the independent auditors, and, in its sole discretion (subject, if required, to shareholder ratification), make decisions regarding the replacement or termination of the independent auditors when circumstances warrant;
- D. Obtain at least annually from the Company's independent auditors and review a report describing:
 - 1. the independent auditors' internal quality-control procedures;
 - 2. any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the independent auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by any governmental or professional authority, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the independent auditors, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues; and
 - 3. all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company (including a description of each category of services provided by the independent auditors to the Company and a list of the fees billed for each such category).

The Committee should present its conclusions with respect to the above matters, as well as its review of the lead partner of the independent auditors, and its views on whether there should be a regular rotation of the independent auditors, to the Board.

- E. Oversee the independence of the Company's independent auditors by, among other things:
 - 1. actively engaging in a dialogue with the independent auditors with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the independent auditors, and taking appropriate action to satisfy itself of the auditors' independence;
 - 2. ensuring that the lead audit partner and reviewing audit partner responsible for the audit of the Company's financial statements have not performed audit services for the Company for more than the previous five consecutive fiscal years of the Company;
 - 3. ensuring that the chief executive officer, controller, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer or other person serving in an equivalent position of

the Company, was not, within one year prior to the initiation of the audit, an employee of the independent auditor who participated in any capacity in the Company's audit; and

4. considering whether there should be a regular rotation of the Company's independent auditors.
- F. Instruct the Company's independent auditors that they are ultimately accountable to the Committee and the Board, and that the Committee is responsible for the selection (subject, if applicable, to shareholder ratification), evaluation and termination of the Company's independent auditors;
 - G. Review and accept, if appropriate, the annual audit plan of the Company's independent auditors, including the scope of audit activities and all critical accounting policies and practices to be used, and monitor such plan's progress and results during the year;
 - H. Review the results of the year-end audit of the Company, including any comments or recommendations of the Company's independent auditors;
 - I. Review with management, the Company's independent auditors and, if appropriate, the Company's internal auditors, the following:
 1. the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements, including the Company's disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and any major issues related thereto;
 2. critical accounting policies and such other accounting policies of the Company as are deemed appropriate for review by the Committee prior to any interim or year-end filings with the SEC or other regulatory body, including any financial reporting issues which could have a material impact on the Company's financial statements;
 3. major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statements presentations, including (A) any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles and (B) any analyses prepared by management and/or the independent auditors setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the ramifications and effects of alternative generally accepted accounting principles methods on the Company's financial statements;
 4. all alternative treatments of financial information that have been discussed by the independent auditors and management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the auditors;

5. all other material written communications between the independent auditors and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences; and
 6. the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company.
- J. Review with the chief executive officer and chief financial officer and independent auditors, periodically, the following:
1. all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data, including any material weaknesses in internal controls identified by the Company's independent auditors;
 2. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls; and
 3. any significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.
- K. Attempt to resolve all disagreements between the Company's independent auditors and management regarding financial reporting;
- L. Review on a regular basis with the Company's independent auditors any problems or difficulties encountered by the independent auditors in the course of any audit work, including management's response with respect thereto, any restrictions on the scope of the independent auditor's activities or on access to requested information, and any significant disagreements with management. In connection therewith, the Committee should review with the independent auditors the following:
1. any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditors but were rejected by management (as immaterial or otherwise);
 2. any communications between the audit team and the independent auditor's national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement; and
 3. any "management" or "internal control" letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditors to the Company.
- M. Confirm that the Company's interim financial statements included in Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q have been reviewed by the Company's independent auditors;

- N. Review:
1. the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's accounting and internal control policies and procedures on a regular basis, including the responsibilities, budget and staffing of the Company's internal audit function, through inquiry and discussions with the Company's independent auditors and management of the Company; and
 2. the yearly report prepared by management, and attested to by the Company's independent auditors, assessing the effectiveness of the Company's internal control structure and procedures for financial reporting and stating management's responsibility to establish and maintain such structure and procedures, prior to its inclusion in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
- O. Review with management the Company's administrative, operational and accounting internal controls, including any special audit steps adopted in light of the discovery of material control deficiencies, and evaluate whether the Company is operating in accordance with its prescribed policies, procedures and codes of conduct;
- P. Receive periodic reports from the Company's independent auditors and management of the Company to assess the impact on the Company of significant accounting or financial reporting developments that may have a bearing on the Company;
- Q. Establish and maintain free and open means of communication between and among the Board, the Committee, the Company's independent auditors, the Company's internal auditors and management, including providing such parties with appropriate opportunities to meet separately and privately with the Committee on a periodic basis;
- R. Review the Company's earnings press releases (especially the use of "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles), as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided by the Company to analysts and rating agencies (which review may be done generally (i.e., discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and type of presentations to be made), and the Committee need not discuss in advance each earnings release or each instance in which the Company may provide earnings guidance);
- S. Establish clear hiring policies by the Company for employees or former employees of the Company's independent auditors;
- T. Discuss guidelines and policies governing the process by which senior management of the Company and the relevant departments of the Company assess and manage the Company's exposure to risk with respect to the assets and liabilities of the

Company and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures;

- U. Meet at least annually with the General Counsel¹ of the Manager (as defined in the Management and Advisory Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2022, and as may be amended from time to time, the “Manager”), and outside counsel when appropriate, to review legal and regulatory matters, including any matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company;
- V. Prepare the report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement;
- W. Review the Company’s policies relating to the avoidance of conflicts of interest and review past or proposed transactions between the Company and members of management as well as policies and procedures with respect to officers’ expense accounts and perquisites, including the use of corporate assets. The Committee shall consider the results of any review of these policies and procedures by the Company’s independent auditors;
- X. Review the Company’s program to monitor compliance with the Company’s codes of conduct, and meet periodically with the Chief Compliance Officer of the Manager or other appropriate person to discuss compliance with the codes of conduct;
- Y. Obtain from the Company’s independent auditors any information pursuant to Section 10A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
- Z. Establish procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters;
- AA. Secure independent expert advice to the extent the Committee determines it to be appropriate, including retaining, with or without Board approval, independent counsel, accountants, consultants or others, to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, the cost of such independent expert advisers to be borne by the Company;
- BB. Report regularly to the Board on its activities, as appropriate. In connection therewith, the Committee should review with the Board any issues that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company’s financial statements, the Company’s compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the performance and independence of the Company’s independent auditors, or the performance of the Company’s internal auditors; and

¹ All references to the “General Counsel” or the “Chief Compliance Officer” are to the Manager’s General Counsel or Chief Compliance Officer.

- CC. Perform such additional activities, and consider such other matters, within the scope of its responsibilities, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

V. EVALUATION OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee shall, on an annual basis, evaluate its performance. The evaluation shall address all matters that the Committee considers relevant to its performance, including a review and assessment of the adequacy of this Charter, and shall be conducted in such manner as the Committee deems appropriate. The Committee shall deliver to the Board a report, which may be oral, setting forth the results of its evaluation, including any recommended amendments to this Charter and any recommended changes to the Company's or the Board's policies or procedures.

VI. INVESTIGATIONS AND STUDIES; OUTSIDE ADVISERS

In performing its duties and responsibilities, the Committee shall have full access to any relevant records of the Company, shall be entitled to rely on the advice, reports and opinions of management, counsel, accountants, the internal audit service providers, independent auditors and other experts and advisers. The Committee shall have the resources, authority and funding from the Company, as determined by the Committee, appropriate to discharge its duties and responsibilities. This includes the authority to select, retain, terminate and approve the fees and other retention terms of special or independent counsel or other outside experts and advisers (including consultants), as the Committee deems appropriate, and funding to pay any fees incurred in selecting or retaining any outside counsel, experts, advisers (including consultants) or registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company.

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